

DIVIDING WITH EXPONENTS

REMEMBER: EXPANDING & SIMPLIFYING

Ex:)

$$\frac{x^8}{x^3} = \frac{x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot \cancel{x} \cdot \cancel{x} \cdot \cancel{x} \cdot x \cdot x}{\cancel{x} \cdot \cancel{x} \cdot \cancel{x}}$$

$$x^{8-3}$$

$$\boxed{x^5}$$

$$\frac{1}{x^5}$$

$$\boxed{x^5}$$

Ex:)

$$\frac{2^5}{2^9} = \frac{\cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2}}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{2}}$$

$$2^{5-9}$$

$$2^{5+(-9)}$$

$$2^{-4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2^4}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{16}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{16}}$$

Ex:) SIMPLIFY USING THE RULE & BY EXPANDING

$$\frac{3^7}{3^{12}} = \frac{\cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3}}{3 \cdot 3 \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{3}}$$

$$3^{7-12}$$

$$3^{-5}$$

$$\frac{1}{3^5}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{243}}$$

$$\frac{1}{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{243}}$$

WHAT DO WE DO WITH A NEGATIVE EXPONENT IN THE DENOMINATOR POSITION?

$\frac{1}{x^{-4}} \leftarrow \div$

$1 \div x^{-4}$

$1 \div \frac{1}{x^4}$

$\frac{1}{1} \div \frac{1}{x^4}$

$\frac{1}{1} \times \frac{x^4}{1}$

KEEP CHANGE FLIP

$\frac{x^4}{1}$

$\boxed{x^4}$

IT BECOMES POSITIVE IN THE NUMERATOR POSITION

Ex: SIMPLIFY:

$$\frac{a^{-2} b^3}{c^0 d^{-5}}$$

$$\frac{a^{-2} b^3}{1 \cdot c^0 d^{-5}}$$

$$\frac{b^3 d^5}{1 \cdot a^2}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{b^3 d^5}{a^2}}$$

QYO: $\frac{w^{-4} x^0}{y^{-7} z}$

$$\frac{w^{-4} x^0}{y^{-7} z}$$

$$\frac{y^7 \cdot 1}{w^4 z}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{y^7}{w^4 z}}$$